Agenda

- *Situation*
- *Assumptions*
- *Pre-conditions from Forward Presence and Shaping*
- *Higher & Adjacent Information*
- *Mission*
- *Intent*
- *Execution of Advance Force Operations*
- *Key Conditions and Metrics*
- *Capability Gaps*
- *Derived Key Capabilities*
- *Red Team Comments*
- *Concept Recommendations*
- *Questions*

Joint Advance Force Operations

- Those friendly and enemy-oriented activities conducted continuously throughout a conflict, generally initiated prior to the decisive operations phase of a campaign (that phase of combat operations where the enemy is driven to culmination and strategic and operational objectives are achieved), that are specifically designed and conducted to ensure future operations achieve those ***decisive results identified in planning***. These activities include, but are not limited to, **selected strike operations, clandestine insertion of SOF, deception, information operations, gaining and maintaining local domain dominance**, and other force movement activities that facilitate "assembling of the force". Initial efforts are focused on selectively ***identifying, targeting, striking, and assessing key enemy capabilities***—these operations effectively begin the process of gaining access into the operating environment and focus principally on the mitigation of those enemy threats that may hinder the future introduction of forcible entry forces. In Joint Advance Force Operations, the JFC leverages Joint C4ISR, naval strike, global strike and raid operations to set the conditions for entry operations.

Caliphate Ground Forces

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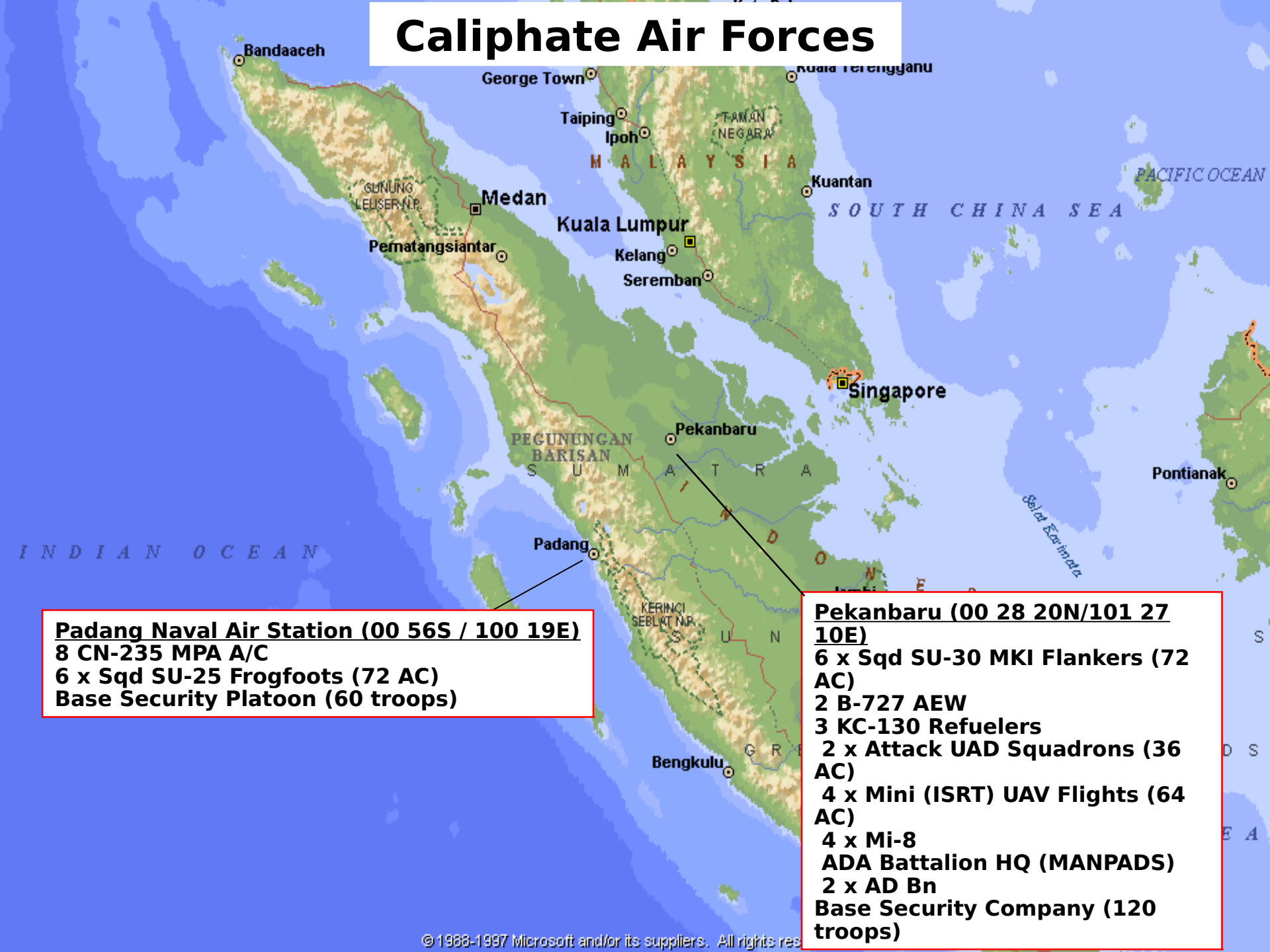
Caliphate Air Forces

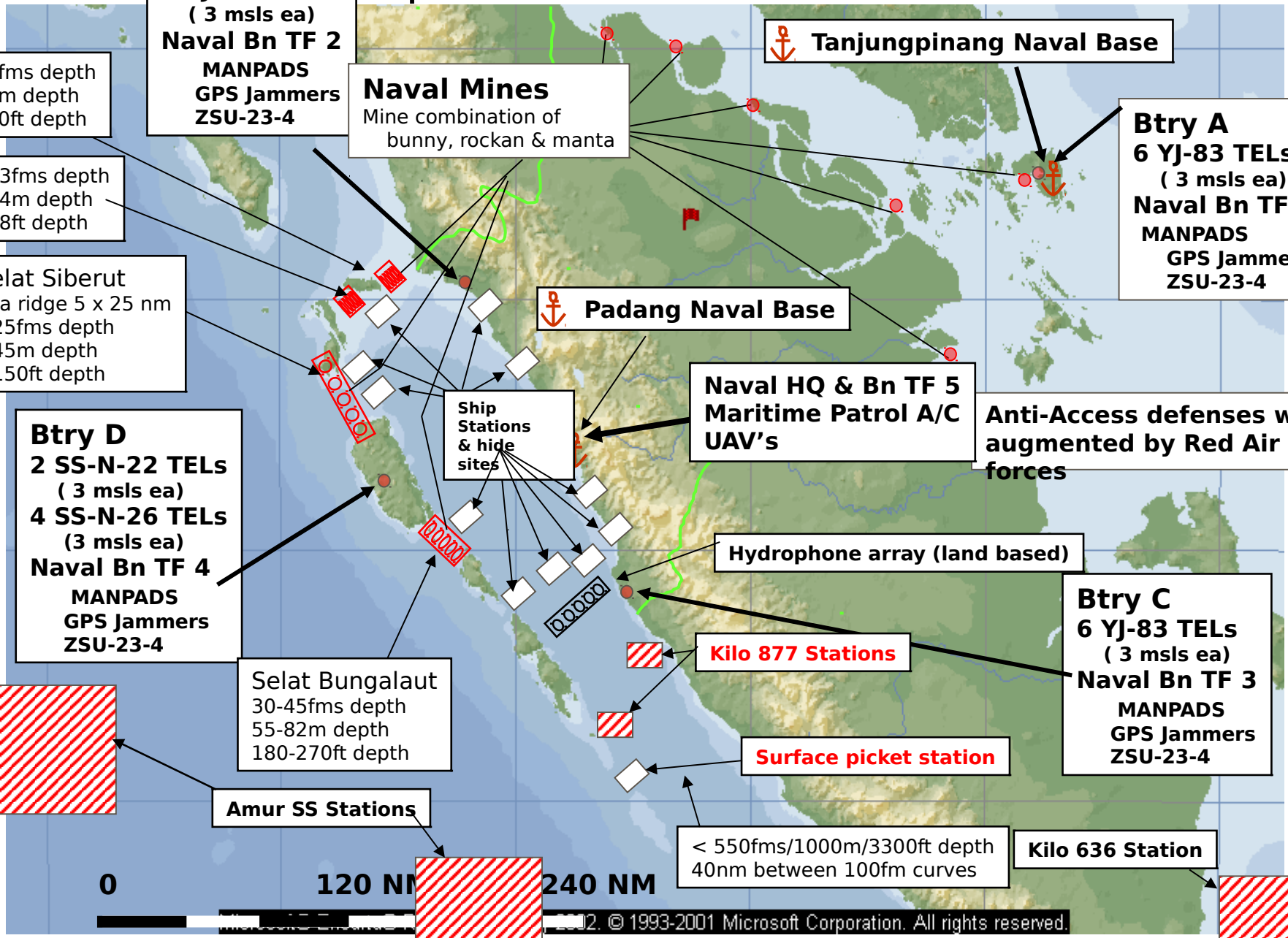


Padang Naval Air Station (00 56S / 100 19E)
8 CN-235 MPA A/C
6 x Sqd SU-25 Frogfoots (72 AC)
Base Security Platoon (60 troops)

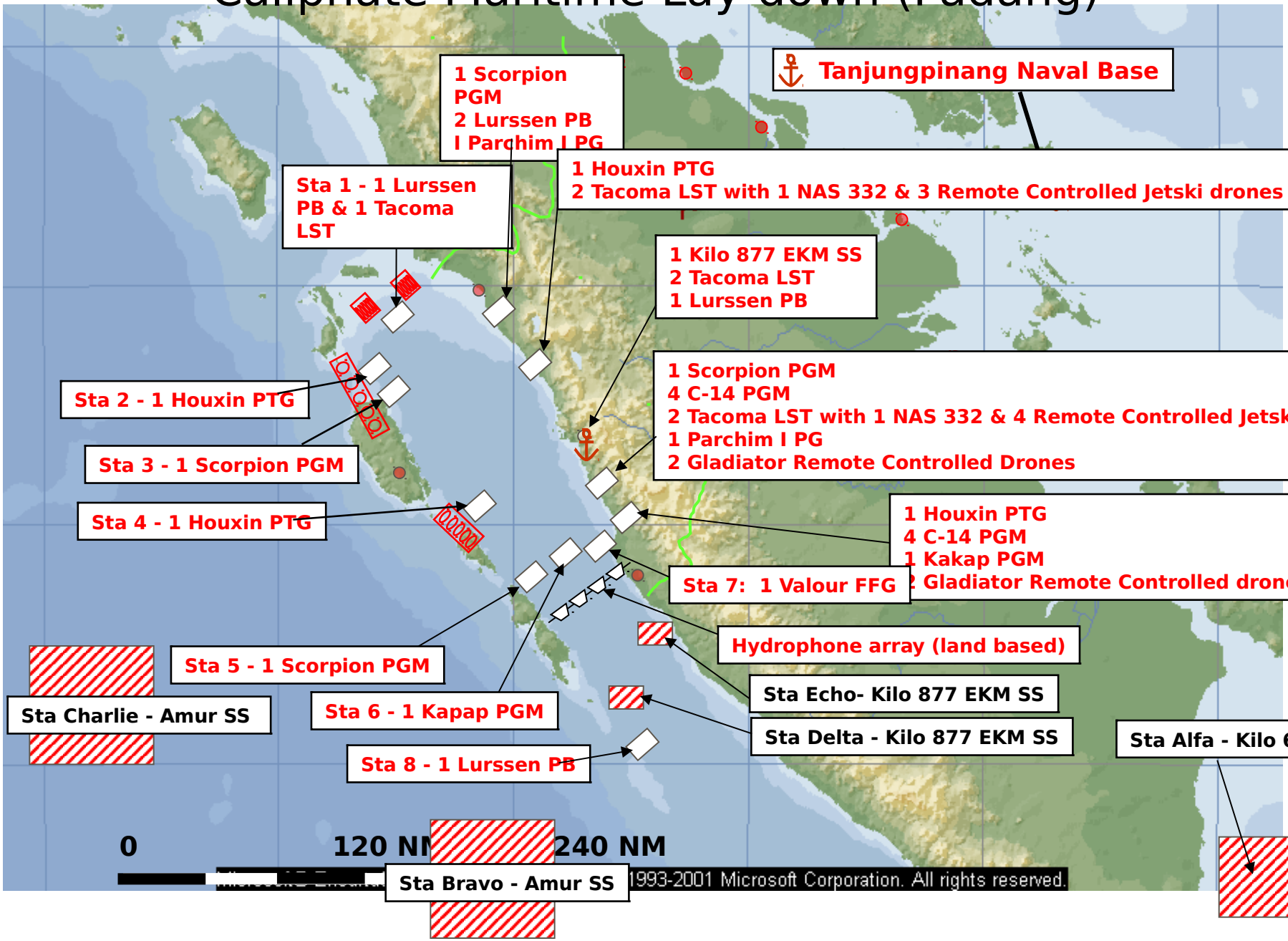
Pekanbaru (00 28 20N/101 27 10E)
6 x Sqd SU-30 MKI Flankers (72 AC)
2 B-727 AEW
3 KC-130 Refuelers
2 x Attack UAD Squadrons (36 AC)
4 x Mini (ISRT) UAV Flights (64 AC)
4 x Mi-8
ADA Battalion HQ (MANPADS)
2 x AD Bn
Base Security Company (120 troops)

Caliphate Air Defense Forces

aliphate Maritime Defense



Caliphate Maritime Lay-down (Padang)


1 Scorpion PGM
2 Lurssen PB
I Parchim I PG
Tanjungpinang Naval Base
1 Houxin PTG
2 Tacoma LST with 1 NAS 332 & 3 Remote Controlled Jetski drones each
Sta 1 - 1 Lurssen PB & 1 Tacoma LST
1 Kilo 877 EKM SS
2 Tacoma LST
1 Lurssen PB
1 Scorpion PGM
4 C-14 PGM
2 Tacoma LST with 1 NAS 332 & 4 Remote Controlled Jetski dro
1 Parchim I PG
2 Gladiator Remote Controlled Drones
Sta 2 - 1 Houxin PTG
Sta 3 - 1 Scorpion PGM
Sta 4 - 1 Houxin PTG
1 Houxin PTG
4 C-14 PGM
1 Kakap PGM
2 Gladiator Remote Controlled drones
Sta 7: 1 Valour FFG
Hydrophone array (land based)
Sta 5 - 1 Scorpion PGM
Sta Charlie - Amur SS
Sta 6 - 1 Kapap PGM
Sta Echo- Kilo 877 EKM SS
Sta Delta - Kilo 877 EKM SS
Sta Alfa - Kilo 636 S
Sta 8 - 1 Lurssen PB
0
120 NM
240 NM
Sta Bravo - Amur SS
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Caliphate's Centers of Gravity

- Strategic:
  - **Diplomatic:** International recognition legitimizes the Caliphate.
  - **Information:** Popular support for an independent Caliphate.
  - **Military:**
    - Missile Forces – neutralization of TBMs prevents attack on GOI & countries supporting the coalition in the region.
    - Ability to produce and employ WME to influence regional countries
  - **Economic:** Caliphate's economy based on revenue from oil.
- Operational:
  - Airfields at Pekanbaru and Padang – closure by Blue attack neutralizes the Caliphate's air force.
  - The Caliphate's C2 system
  - Ports of Padang and Dumai – capture provides secure entry point
  - Anti-Ship SSM's
- Tactical:
  - Mobile, Long Range Artillery

Caliphate's Critical Vulnerabilities

- Strategic:
  - **Diplomatic:** Preventing international recognition isolates the Caliphate from outside support.
  - **Information:** Exposing Ibn Ander's ties to terrorists/pirates/Chinese Nationalist oppression.
  - **Military:** Inability to regenerate combat losses makes a quick Caliphate victory paramount.
  - **Economic:** An embargo & suppression of pirate activity removes a principal source of revenue.

- Operational: Dispersed forces limited in their ability to mutually support each other.

- Tactical: Replenishing stocks of ammunition & repair parts would be difficult under an international embargo.

Assessment Of Friendly COG

- Friendly
  - Strategic COG: USPACOM has identified the strategic COG as our ability to deploy forces for decisive operations to preclude the Caliph from gaining popular support and international legitimacy.
    - CV: USPACOM identified the strategic critical vulnerability as the potential for the Caliph to prolong the crises in order to gain international support to end hostilities.
  - Operational COG: CTF - I has identified the operational center of gravity as our ability to conduct forcible entry from extended distances.
    - CV: CTF - I has identified the critical vulnerability as the lack of usable infrastructure within the region.

CTF- I Mission

- When directed, CTF- I conducts operations to enable GOI and Coalition forces to reenter the Caliphate in order to restore GOI’s territorial integrity. O/O provide support for follow-on operations.

CTF- I Commander's Intent

- **Purpose:** Restore GOI territorial integrity.
- **Method:** We conduct forcible entry operations using a combination of sea based, theater, and out-of-theater forces to overcome the lack of infrastructure in the operations area. After securing necessary lodgments, we will expand combat power ashore to decisively defeat remaining enemy forces and remove the threat to regional access. We will then facilitate the introduction of GOI forces and return control to the GOI.
- **Endstate:** Straits of Malacca open to free navigation, Government/Coalition forces established within the Caliphate, restoration of territorial integrity, and control transferred to GOI.

CTF - I Concept Of Operations

- Phase I: Forward Presence. This phase is currently underway with CFMCC as the supported command. TF Swashbuckler including the forward deployed CSG and ESG are deterring further enemy aggression and reassuring regional partners while enabling expansion of the C2 and ISR grids. The CSG/ESG are also providing force protection for the expanding sea base and support to information operations oriented on undermining regime credibility with the populace.

- Phase II: Advance Force Operations. CFMCC, as the supported command, will neutralize enemy capability to impede access and isolate selected enemy forces in order to enable the assault.

- Phase III: Assault. CFMCC, as the supported command, secures lodgments at CTF - I Obj A (Padang), CTF – I Obj B (Dumai), and CTF - I Obj C (Rengat) in order to gain access for the introduction of follow on forces.

CTF - I Concept Of Operations

- Phase IV: Decisive Operations. CFLCC becomes the supported command and defeats enemy forces, secure CTF - I Obj D (Pekanbaru), neutralize pirate infrastructure, reestablish GOI territorial integrity, and fully restores regional access.

- Phase V: Transition. CFLCC will continue as the supported command until the authority of the GOI is reestablished; O/O, U. S. and coalition forces will reconstitute and redeploy forces.

CFMCC Mission

- On Order, CFMCC forces will defeat enemy anti-access capability and seize lodgments within the Caliphate in order to enable Phase IV operations by follow-on forces. BPT support subsequent operations to defeat enemy forces, restore regional access, and reestablish GOI territorial integrity.

CFMCC Command Arrangements

For use with the SV 04 2015 CONOPS
Phase II Joint Advance Force Operations

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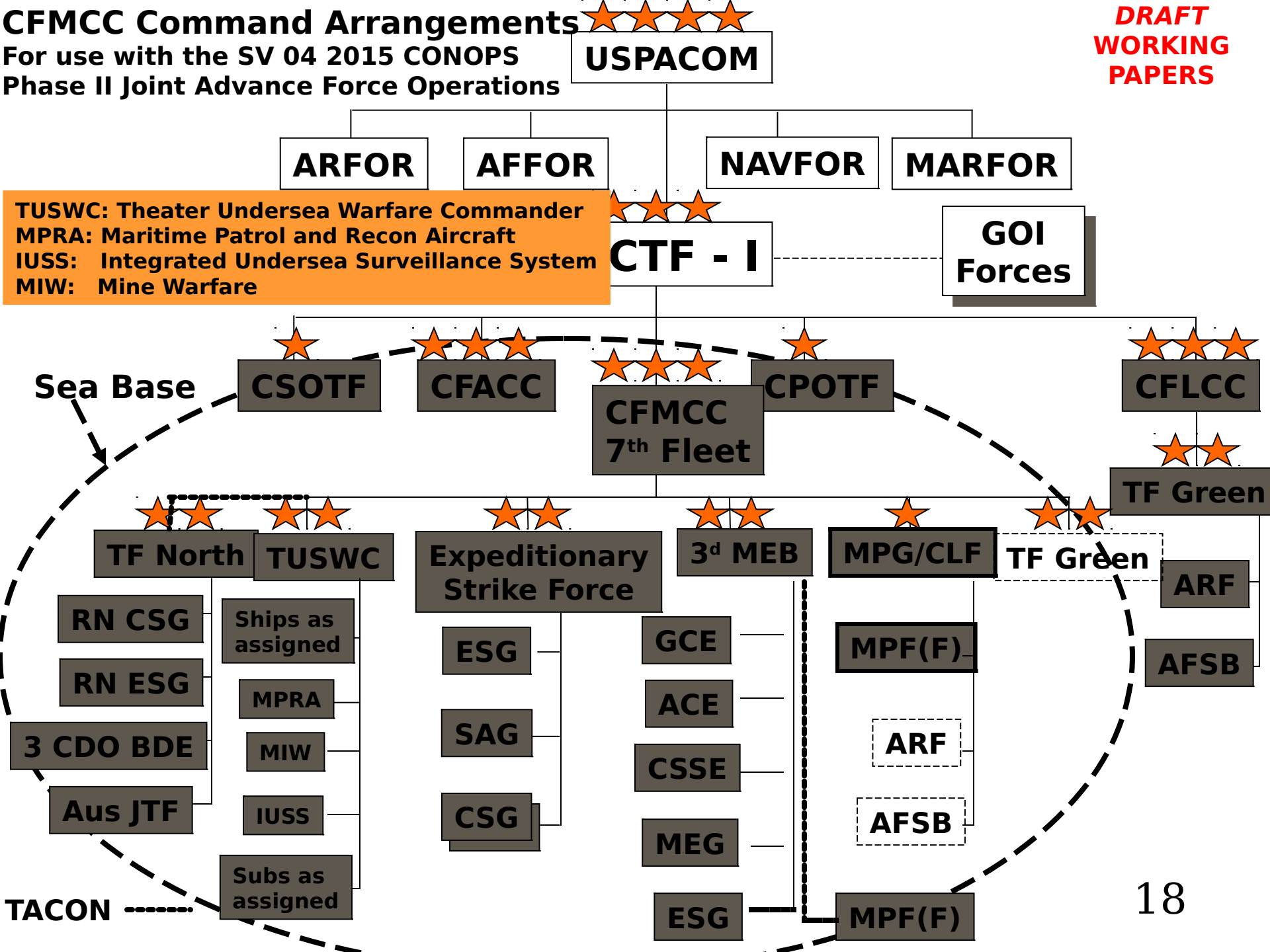

CFMCC Command Arrangements

For use with the SV 04 2015 CONOPS
Phase III Assault

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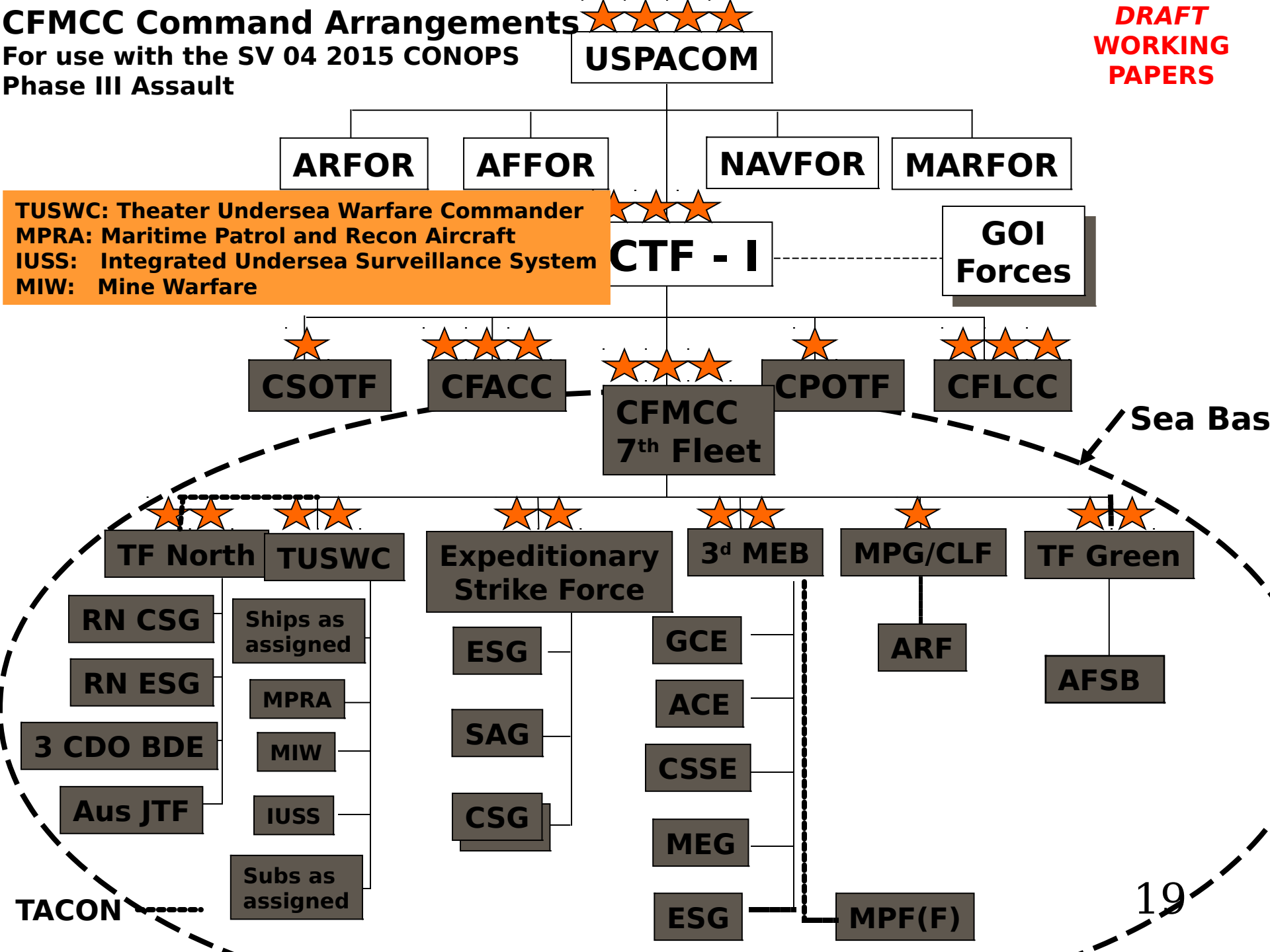
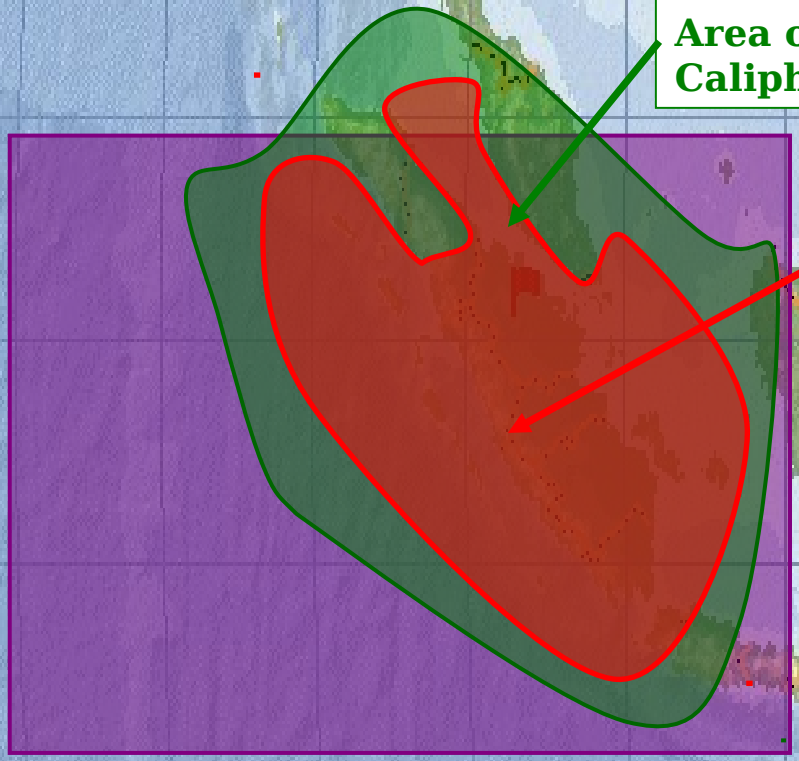


Force Flow Timeline

- **C-30** (25 Sept 2015): Indications and Warning
  - MEB Main (CONUS) begins embarkation on amphibious shipping vic San Diego
  - MEB CE (Fwd) departs Okinawa for JOA via C-130 and MV-22 (from ESG)
  - MEB CE (Main) to HI; MEB CE (Cell) to CA for embark aboard amphib shipping
- **C-4** (27 Sept 2015): Ambiguous Warning
- **C-3** (28 Sept 2015):
  - MEB CE (Fwd) (170 Marines) arrives in JOA; embarks aboard HSC / MPF F
  - MPF(F) departs Guam for JOA
- **C-2** (1 Oct 2015): Unambiguous Warning
  - ACE (Fwd) VMFA Sqn, VMGR Sqn, VMAQ Sqn self deploy from Iwakuni and Okinawa to Christmas Island
- **C-1** (2 Oct 2015):
  - Advance Force MEB elements (400 Marines) embark aboard MPF (F) in JOA via HSC
    - Det, Rad BN, Co, Force Recon, UAV Sqn, Det, VMM Sqn, Det, MALS, Det, MACD, Det, MWSS MPF (F) Departs Guam for JOA
- **C+1** (4 Oct 2015): MEB Main (CONUS) departs US West Coast for JOA
- **C+2** (5 Oct 2015): ACE (Fwd) completed deployment to Christmas Island
  - Advance Force MEB arrives in JOA aboard MPF(F)
- **C+24** (28 Oct 2015): MEB Main arrives in JOA

CFMCC Battlespace



Area of Influence - Caliphate

Area of Operations –AO South

Area of Interest – CTF-I AO

-Reach back to DOD/Fed agencies

-Force Closure (SPOD/APOD)

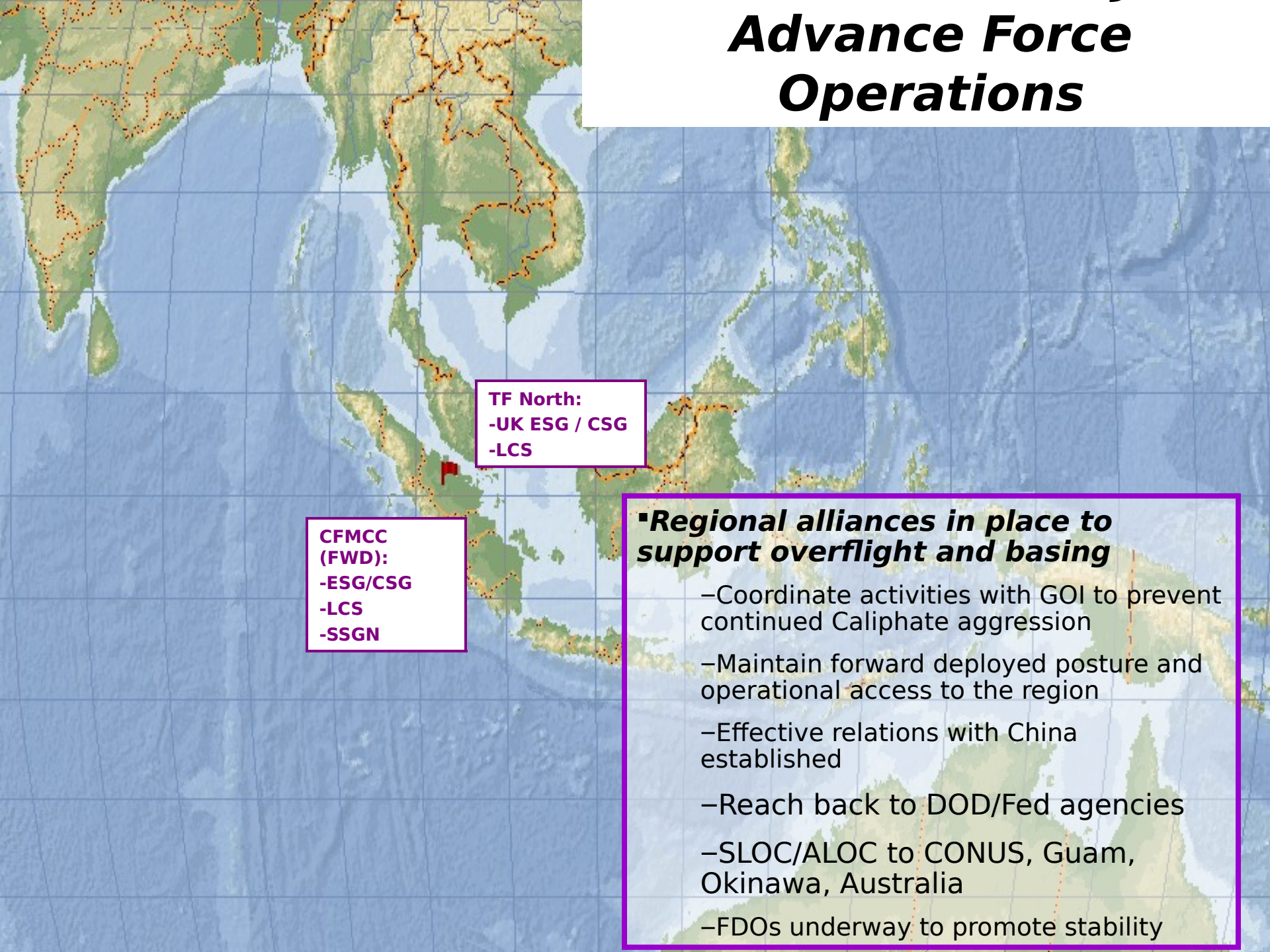
-International media coverage

-CONUS, Guam, Okinawa, Australia, Philippines,

- ***Ensure an aggressive collaborative and netted C4ISR grid within region (multi tiered ISR) that enables awareness and decisive action***
  - –CFMCC C2 relationships est; CFMCC supported component
  - –ISR in place to identify WME and anti-access assets

900 NM

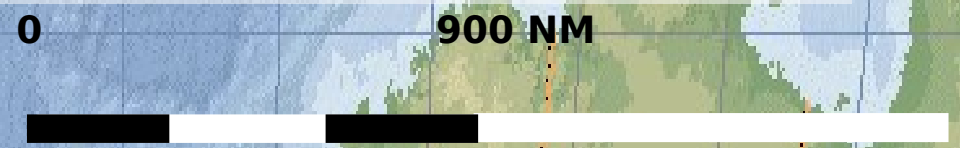
Advance Force Operations



- ***Regional alliances in place to support overflight and basing***
  - –Coordinate activities with GOI to prevent continued Caliphate aggression
  - –Maintain forward deployed posture and operational access to the region
  - –Effective relations with China established
  - –Reach back to DOD/Fed agencies
  - –SLOC/ALOC to CONUS, Guam, Okinawa, Australia
  - –FDOs underway to promote stability

Pre-Conditions During Theater Security Cooperation

- **DOS integration to ensure overflight, basing, and internal defense supports operations**
  - **Ensure GOI cooperation in operations; support GOI as required w/o increased footprint**
  - **Basing est within Thailand; PI ?????????? CONUS, Guam, Okinawa, Australia, Philippines**
  - **Effective relations with China established**
- **Caliphate terrorist links identified and targeted by SOF within region**
- **SOF supporting GOI for FID**
- **International media coverage**



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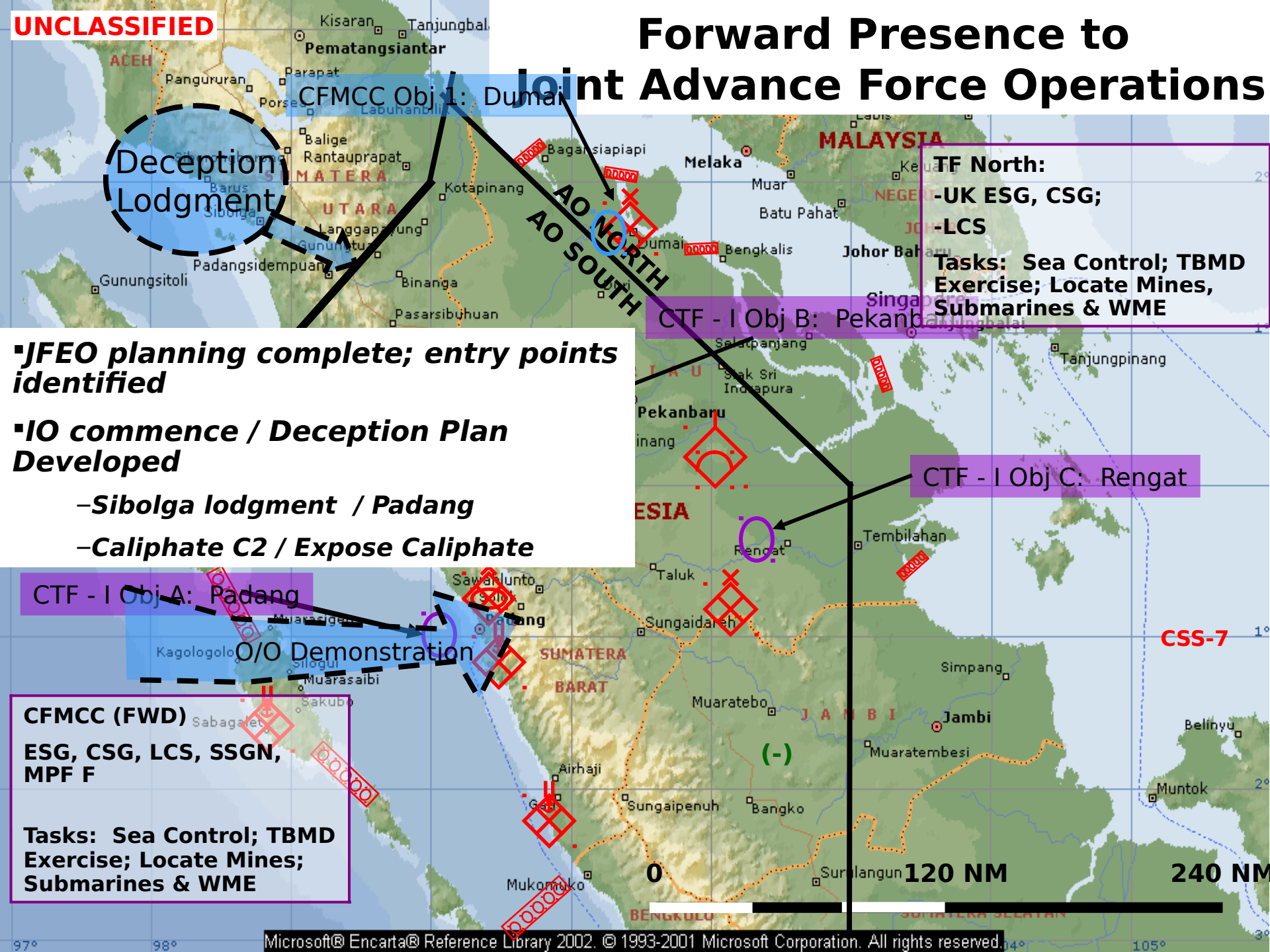
Forward Presence to Joint Advance Force Operations



- ***JFEO planning complete; entry points identified***
- ***IO commence / Deception Plan Developed***
  - ***Sibolga lodgment / Padang***
  - ***Caliphate C2 / Expose Caliphate***

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Pre-Conditions to Joint Advance Force Operations

- ***Regional alliances in place to support overflight and basing***
  - Coordinate activities with GOI to prevent continued Caliphate aggression
  - Maintain forward deployed posture and operational access to the region
  - Effective relations with China established
  - FDOs underway to promote stability

- ***Ensure an aggressive collaborative and netted C4ISR grid within region (multi tiered ISR) that enables awareness and decisive action***
  - CFMCC C2 relationships est; CFMCC supported component
  - ISR in place to identify WME and anti-access assets

- **WME controlled**
  - **WME located; assets in place to control or destroy ability to employ**

- ***JFEO planning complete; entry points identified***

- ***IO commence / Deception Plan Developed***
  - ***Sibolga lodgment / Padang***
  - ***Caliphate C2 / Expose Caliphate***

Deterrence/Shaping Activities - JFMCC

- Conduct Sea Control exercises and Regional TBMD exercise
- Deploy:
  - 2 x ESG
  - 1 ESG
  - 2 x SSGN
  - 1 x UK CSG/ESG
  - LCS/TBMD SAG
  - AEF (FWD) to ????
  - THAAD to ????

- Deploy MPF (F) ship as part of FDO to vic Musala Island / Bibolga
  - Offload demonstration
  - Establish lodgment vic Sibolga

Commander's Intent: Phase II Joint Advance Force Operations

- Purpose: As CTF-I main effort in Phase II, set the conditions to gain entry.
  - During Phase III gain entry and set conditions to ensure uninterrupted flow of forces through designated lodgments.
  - Support subsequent operations (Phase IV) to achieve the CTF-I commander's endstate and restore the GOI's authority over its internationally recognized territorial authority.

- Method:
  - Our first priority is to establish an aggressive collaborative and netted C4ISR grid within region (multi tiered ISR) that enables awareness and decisive action IOT gain and maintain enough access to permit forcible entry operations.
  - Needs to be an integrated approach: we will create uncertainty in the Caliphate leadership as to where and from how many directions we will attack
  - At the appropriate time we will isolate segments of the leadership, military and populace to enable operational surprise
  - A key to this operation is Sea Shield and our ability to coordinate protection of forces and assets from ISB, along lines of communications, at the Seabase and in objective areas as we gain lodgments within the Caliphate.

Commander's Intent: Phase II Joint Advance Force Operations

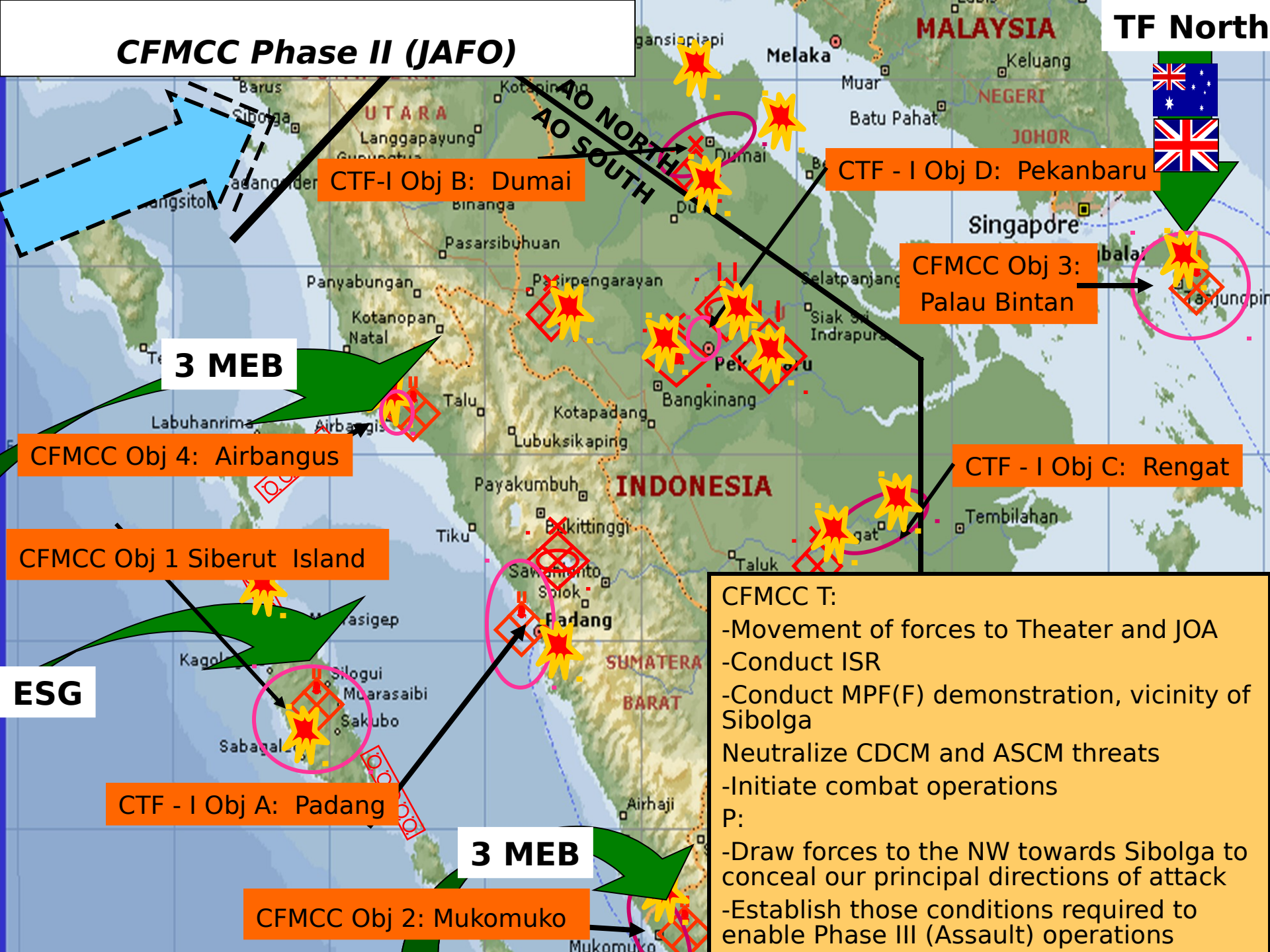
- While I am concerned about the submarine, WME, and TBM, I am most concerned about an irregular operation against the Seabase or at an ISB out of the JOA. We must be prepared for this threat and have multiple contingency plans prepared for the worst event.

- Finally we must dominate all domains in areas where we will establish lodgments and maneuver. What I mean is that the enemy CAN not prohibit our operations in that given space and time.

- **Endstate for Phase II:**
  - Domain Dominance established to enable sea based operations, projection of combat power, and forcible entry.

  - Select enemy units isolated. (By "isolated" I mean they are incapable of impeding our assault.). This includes the defeat of enemy forces in the vicinity of CFMCC Obj 1 (Siberut Island), CMFCC Obj 2 (Mukomuko), CFMCC Obj 3 (Palau Bintan), and CFMCC Obj 4 (Airbangus) IOT reduce the threat from ASCMs.

  - Resources available to support Assault / Forcible Entry Operations.



CFMCC T:

-Movement of forces to Theater and JOA

-Conduct ISR

-Conduct MPF(F) demonstration, vicinity of Sibolga

Neutralize CDCM and ASCM threats

-Initiate combat operations

P:

-Draw forces to the NW towards Sibolga to conceal our principal directions of attack

-Establish those conditions required to enable Phase III (Assault) operations

Joint Advance Force Operations: Phase II

ESF:

Main effort for Phase II

1 Coordinate with the CFACC to establish and maintain local air superiority within AO SOUTH.
2 Maintain recognized maritime picture (RMP) and recognized air picture (RAP) for Caliphate littoral.
3 Coordinate with the CFACC to provide area air and missile defense within AO SOUTH.
4 Seize CFMCC Objective 1 (Siberut Island) and defeat the 4th Naval Infantry Battalion IOT eliminate the threat of enemy coastal defense cruise missiles (CDCM).
5 Isolate select enemy units IOT support 3 MEB and TF GREEN Phase III operations.
6 Provide force protection to the seabase, to include the Afloat Forward Staging Base (AFSB) and Army Regional Flotilla (ARF).
7 BPT accept TACON of designated SOF/CFLCC forces.

As the CTF-I main effort, during Phase II we will neutralize enemy threats to access, such as pirates, mines, coastal defense cruise missiles and air defense weapons. We will coordinate with the CFACC to support establishing and maintaining air superiority while we establish and maintain maritime superiority to include defeating the enemy's ability to interdict the Strait of Malacca. Simultaneously, we will delay, disrupt, and neutralize select enemy ground units to prevent their successful reaction to our pending assault. Our actions will include but are not limited to: selected strike operations; clandestine insertion of SOF for reconnaissance, surveillance and direct action; information operations; and activities that facilitate assembling, closing, and employing the force. Key among our actions will be to eliminate the threat of enemy coastal defense cruise missiles (i.e. Siberut Island), supporting the force protection of the sea base.

Use this slide as an example to develop a graphical representation of your MSC's operations in support of Joint Advance Force Operations Phase II:
Please address all tasks contained in the CFMCC Warning Order dtd 9 Apr 04 for all elements assigned to the CFMCC.

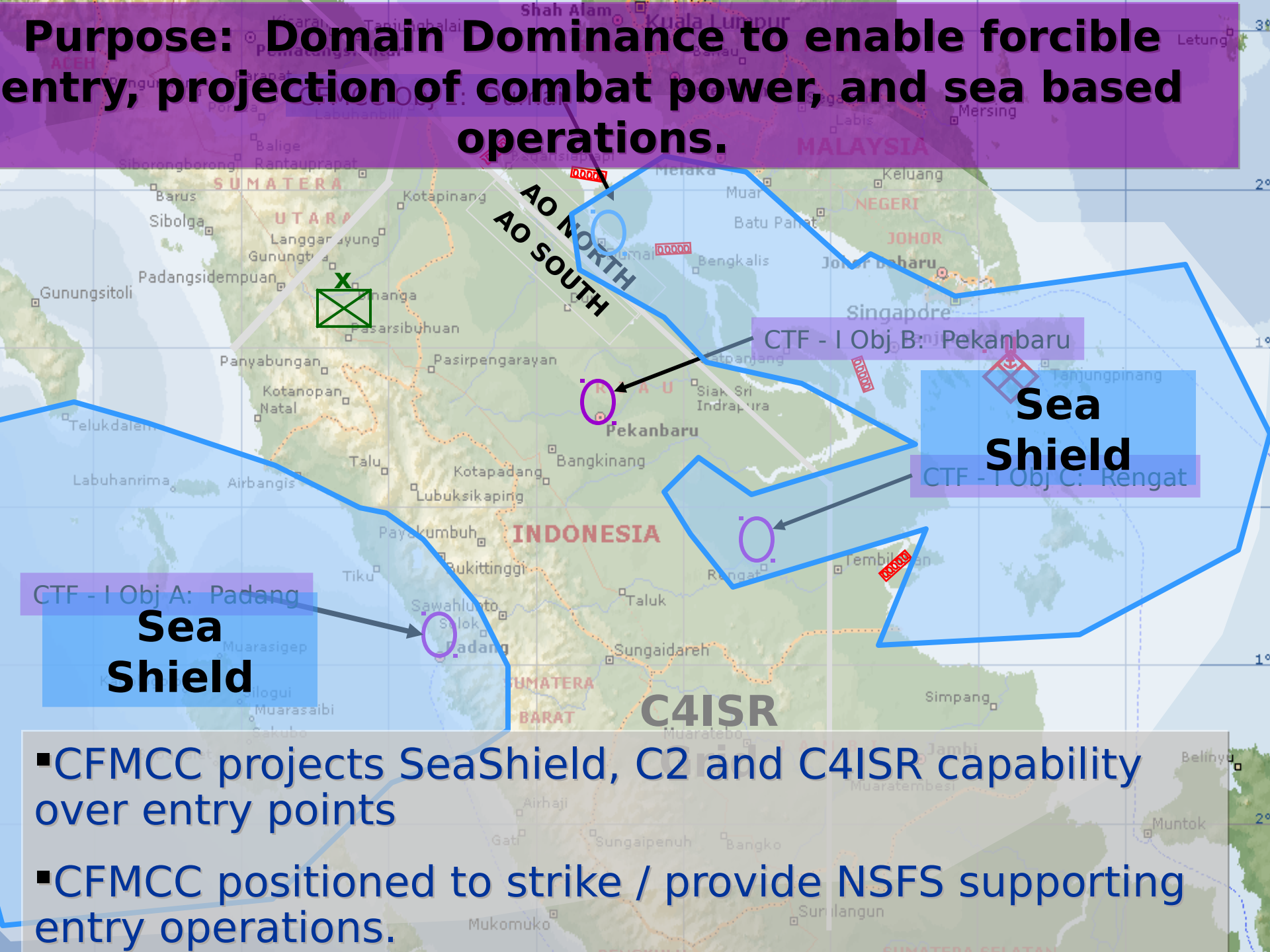
Domain Dominance

- Purpose: Domain Dominance to enable forcible entry, projection of combat power, and sea based operations.

  - Degree of dominance of one force over another that permits the conduct of operations by the former and its related land, sea, and air forces at a given time and place without prohibitive interference by the opposing force.

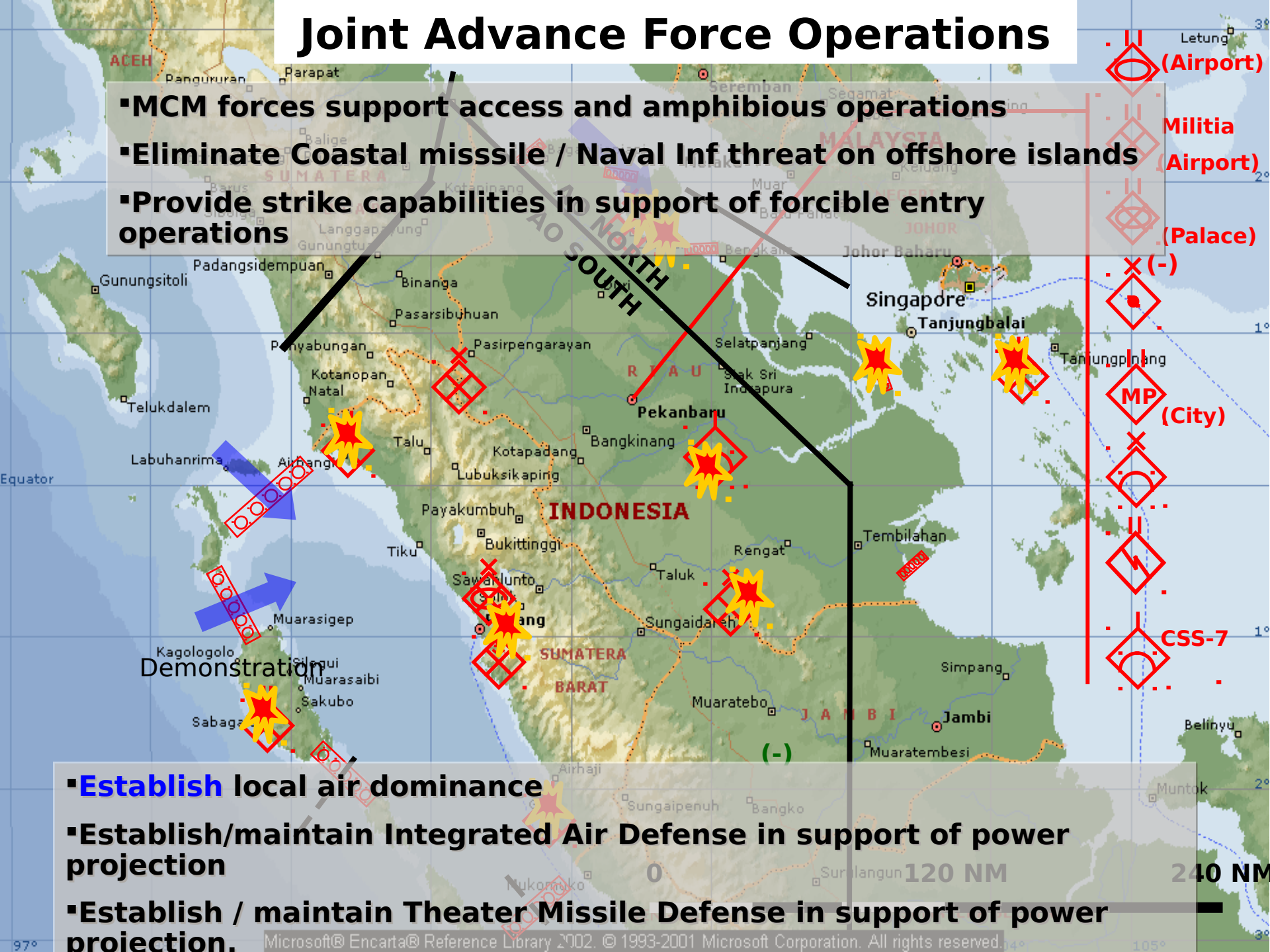
  - **Establish necessary Air, Maritime, Information, Space & Ground Dominance over entry points and maneuver space**

Purpose: Domain Dominance to enable forcible entry, projection of combat power, and sea based operations.



- CFMCC projects SeaShield, C2 and C4ISR capability over entry points
- CFMCC positioned to strike / provide NSFS supporting entry operations.

Joint Advance Force Operations



- MCM forces support access and amphibious operations
- Eliminate Coastal misssile / Naval Inf threat on offshore islands
- Provide strike capabilities in support of forcible entry operations

- **Establish** local air dominance
- Establish/maintain Integrated Air Defense in support of power projection
- Establish / maintain Theater Missile Defense in support of power projection.

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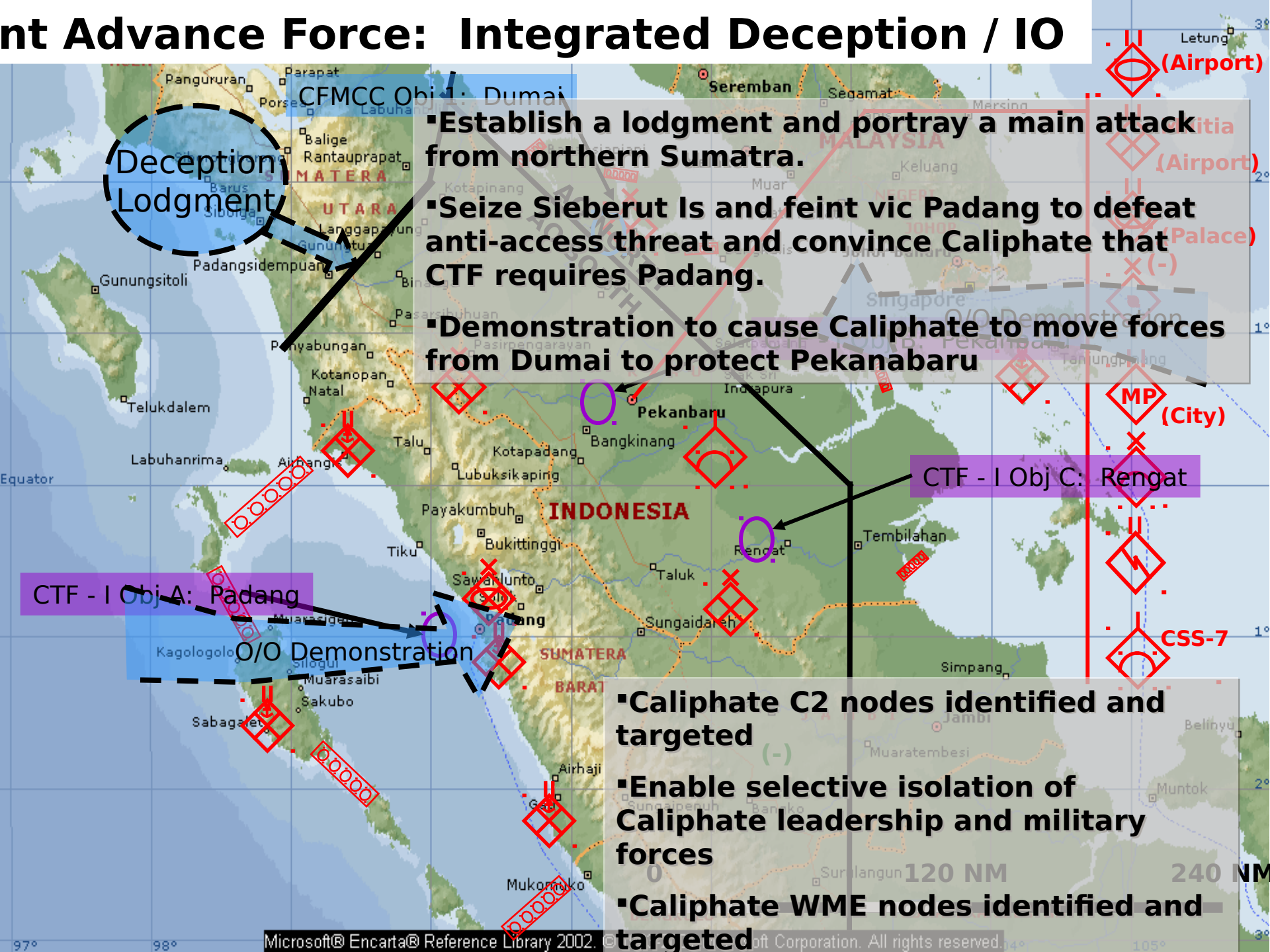
nt Advance Force: Integrated Deception / IO



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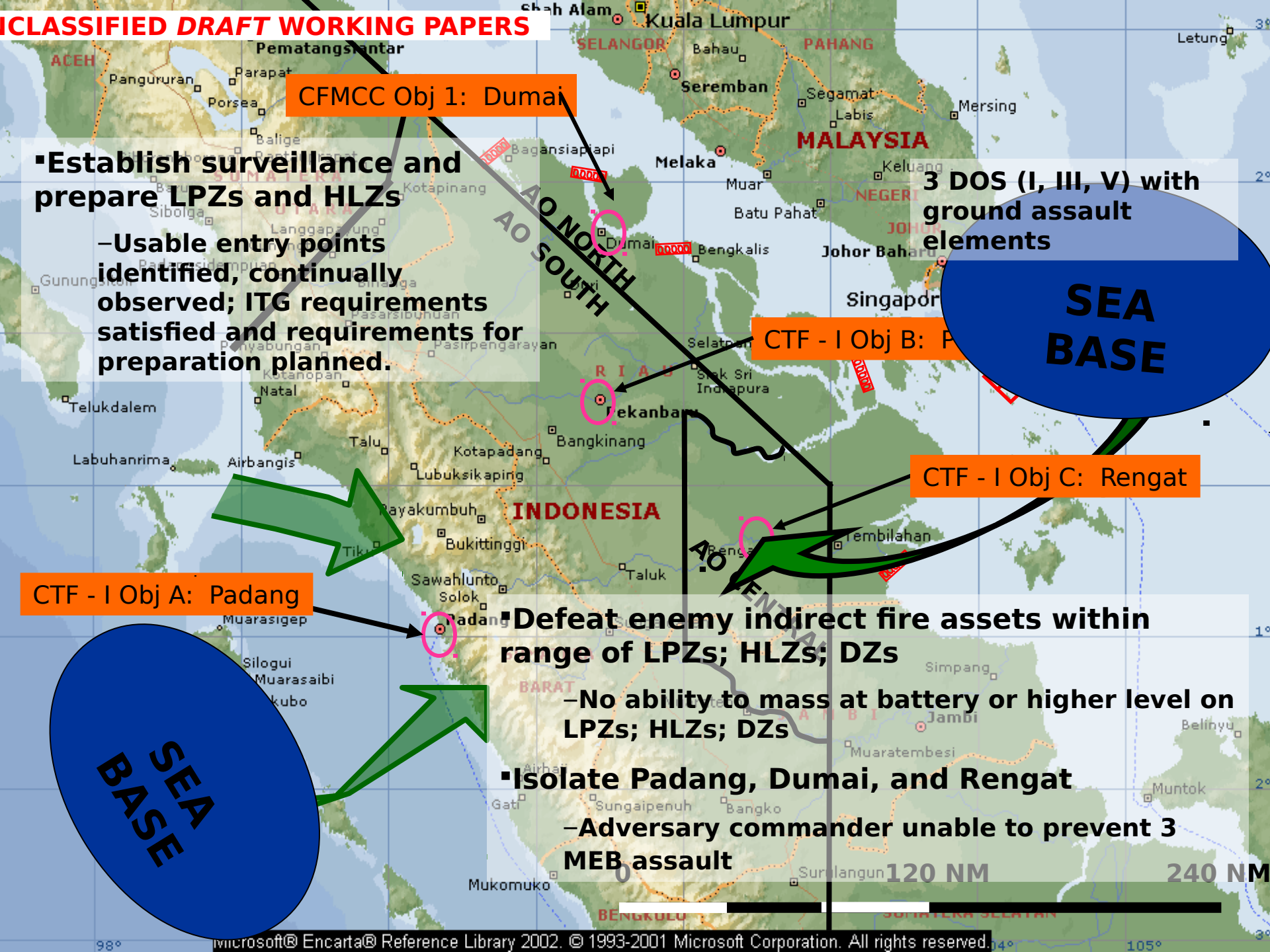

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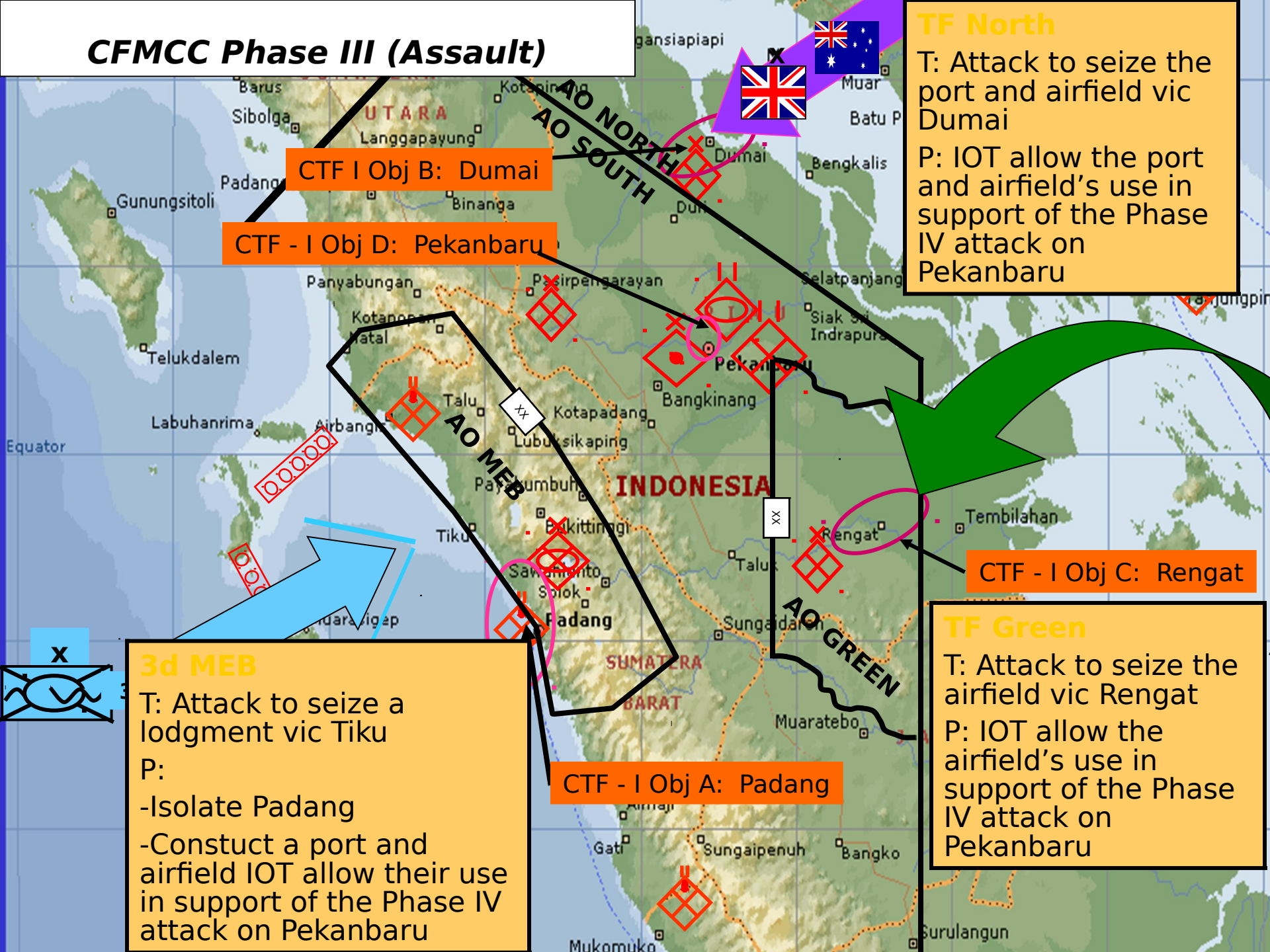
Commander's Intent: Phase III Assault

- Phase III: Assault. Purpose: As CTF-I main effort, maintain required access and gain entry into the Caliphate to enable follow on operations.

- Method:
  - Defeat enemy forces in order to enable the uninterrupted flow of follow-on forces by both surface and air means.
  - Establish redundant lodgments for air and surface. Lodgments must ensure the uninterrupted flow of follow on forces and allow smooth transition to CFLCC.
  - Our measure of success is if we can battle handover to CFLCC without pause.

Commander's Intent: Phase III Assault

- Endstate for Phase III:
  - CTF-I Objectives A (Padang), B (Dumai), C (Rengat), and D (Dumia) secured, selected enemy units defeated, and CFMCC forces positioned in support of Phase IV operations.
  - Designated ground units prepared for chop to CFLCC.
  - Air superiority, maritime superiority maintained.
  - Caliphate anti-access capabilities defeated in areas necessary to support uninterrupted flow of Joint forces
  - Sustainment provided for units conducting operations ashore.
  - CFMCC forces positioned for future operations, to include redeployment.


CFMCC Phase III (Assault)
TF North
T: Attack to seize the port and airfield vic Dumai
P: IOT allow the port and airfield's use in support of the Phase IV attack on Pekanbaru
CTF I Obj B: Dumai
CTF - I Obj D: Pekanbaru
CTF - I Obj C: Rengat
CTF - I Obj A: Padang
AO NORTH
AO SOUTH
AO MEB
AO GREEN
3d MEB
T: Attack to seize a lodgment vic Tiku
P:
-Isolate Padang
-Constuct a port and airfield IOT allow their use in support of the Phase IV attack on Pekanbaru
TF Green
T: Attack to seize the airfield vic Rengat
P: IOT allow the airfield's use in support of the Phase IV attack on Pekanbaru
INDONESIA
SUMATERA BARAT
Barus
Sibolga
Langgapayung
Padang
Gunungsitoli
Binanga
Dumai
Bengkalis
Muar
Batu P
Panyabungan
Kotanopan
Natal
Telukdalem
Pasirpengarayan
Selatpanjang
Siak Sri Indrapura
Pekanbaru
Bangkinang
Talu
Kotapadang
Lubuksikaping
Labuhanrima
Airbangis
Equator
Payakumbuh
Bukittinggi
Tiku
Sawahlunto
Solok
Padang
Rengat
Tembilahan
Talu
Sungaidarah
Muaratebo
Gati
Sungaipenuh
Bangko
Surulangun
Mukomuko

CCIRs: Phase II

- What area of the Caliphate are suitable as lodgments for air and surface delivery and support of follow-on forces?
- How long will it take to conduct MCM sufficient to support both the MEB scheme of maneuver and a viable deception plan?
- Where are the enemy submarines?
- Where are the enemy CDCM assets?
- Are there indications and warnings of the enemy's possession or intended use of WMD?

Capability Metrics

- Establish a Command and control network within 1 day.
- Establish a persistent ISR grid within 3 days capable of providing the tactical commander with the intelligence required to enable Joint Advance Force Operations.
- Gain local maritime, air, space, cyber, and ground dominance to enable entry operations to commence within 10 days.
  - Provide protection from air, TBM, subsurface, Coastal missiles, and surface delivered fires to all elements of the force whether in advanced bases, seabases, or maneuvering to gain entry within 10 days.
- Provide all weather and 24/7 fires to forces maneuvering to gain entry within 10 days.

Capability Metrics

- Position assets to enable maneuver 200 NM from the seabase that can deliver the assault echelon of a brigade within one period of darkness within 15 days

- Position assets to enable maneuver from advance bases to entry objectives within the JOA that deliver the assault echelon of a brigade within one period of darkness within 15 days

- Deliver continuous sustainment to the force within 20 days.
  - Provide 3 DOS with initial entry forces
  - Provide continuous sustainment to entry forces within 15 days.

Key Capabilities?????

- Close the force to seize the initiative in less than 10 days
- High Speed Connectors
- Intel analysis:
  - Accessible and taskable ISR
- C4ISR
  - BLOS, OTM, OTH Comms; Collaborative Information Environment to enable sharing, Common Operating Tactical Picture, assess and data mine, enroute planning and rehearsal.
- Mine identification, avoidance, and clearance

Back Up

MEB (Fwd) Phase II Capabilities

Forces Closed on C+1

C2
MEB CE (Fwd) located with ESG

Effects
- Non-lethal (IO): Psyops CO, EA-6B, RadBn
- Lethal: Aviation

Intel
- ISR: UAV Sqn, JSF Sqn, EA-6B, RadBn, Force Recon, CI HUMINT

Logistics
- Provided by sea-based MPF(F)

Force Protection
- Sea shield provided by ESF
- Det, MACD protects MPF(F) and ACE (Fwd)

Aviation
ACE (Fwd) located on Christmas Island provides:
- Electronic Warfare
- OAS (ISO MEB shaping plus CSOTF support)
- Assault Support (aerial refueling)
- SEAD

ACE (Fwd) located with MPF(F) provides:
- Assault Support (ISO MEB Force Recon and CSOTF)

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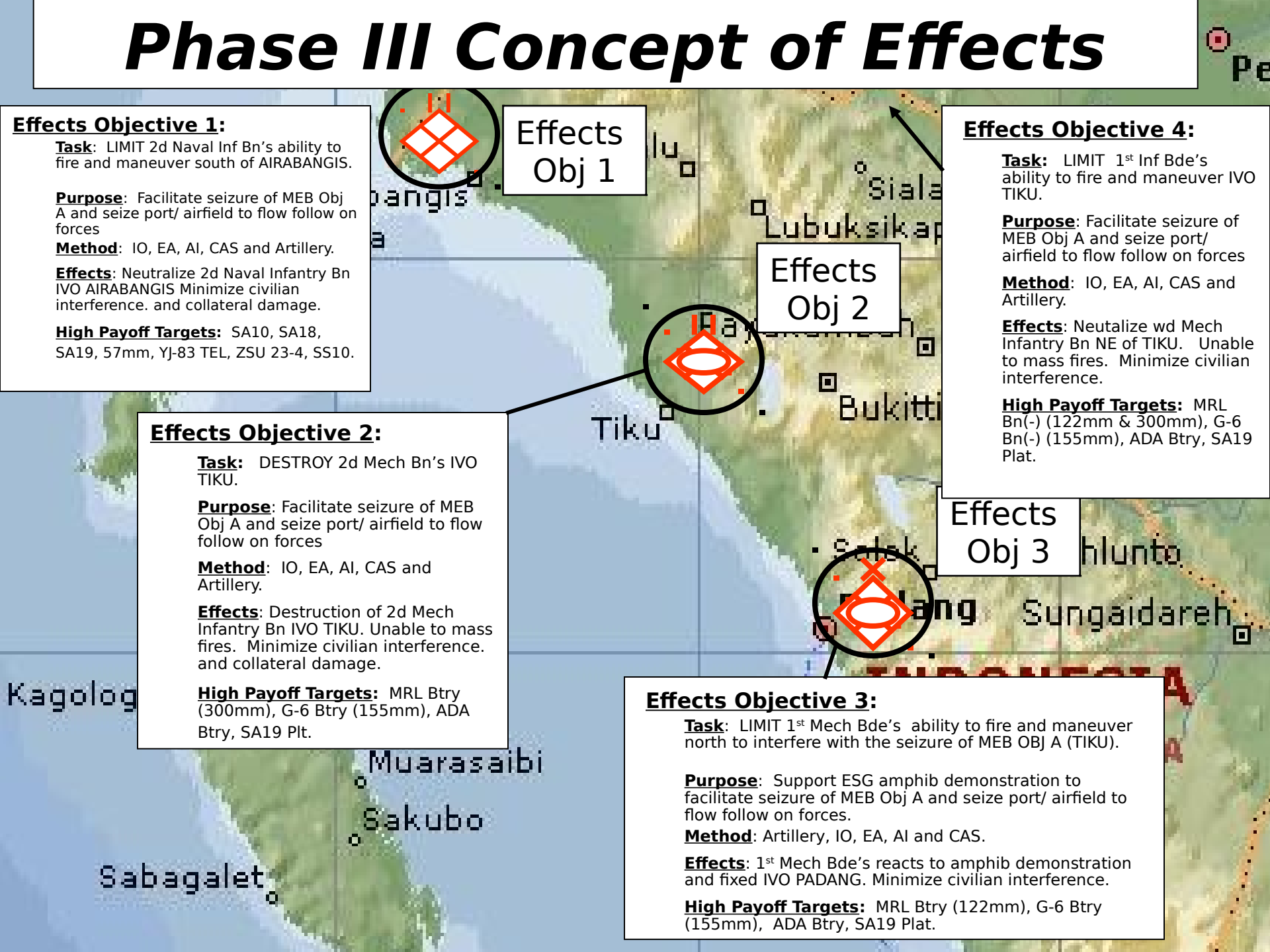
Phase III Concept of Effects



Effects Objective 1:

Task: LIMIT 2d Naval Inf Bn's ability to fire and maneuver south of AIRABANGIS.

Purpose: Facilitate seizure of MEB Obj A and seize port/ airfield to flow follow on forces

Method: IO, EA, AI, CAS and Artillery.

Effects: Neutralize 2d Naval Infantry Bn IVO AIRABANGIS Minimize civilian interference. and collateral damage.

High Payoff Targets: SA10, SA18, SA19, 57mm, YJ-83 TEL, ZSU 23-4, SS10.

Effects Objective 2:

Task: DESTROY 2d Mech Bn's IVO TIKU.

Purpose: Facilitate seizure of MEB Obj A and seize port/ airfield to flow follow on forces

Method: IO, EA, AI, CAS and Artillery.

Effects: Destruction of 2d Mech Infantry Bn IVO TIKU. Unable to mass fires. Minimize civilian interference. and collateral damage.

High Payoff Targets: MRL Btry (300mm), G-6 Btry (155mm), ADA Btry, SA19 Plt.

Effects Objective 3:

Task: LIMIT 1st Mech Bde's ability to fire and maneuver north to interfere with the seizure of MEB OBJ A (TIKU).

Purpose: Support ESG amphib demonstration to facilitate seizure of MEB Obj A and seize port/ airfield to flow follow on forces.

Method: Artillery, IO, EA, AI and CAS.

Effects: 1st Mech Bde's reacts to amphib demonstration and fixed IVO PADANG. Minimize civilian interference.

High Payoff Targets: MRL Btry (122mm), G-6 Btry (155mm), ADA Btry, SA19 Plat.

Effects Objective 4:

Task: LIMIT 1st Inf Bde's ability to fire and maneuver IVO TIKU.

Purpose: Facilitate seizure of MEB Obj A and seize port/ airfield to flow follow on forces

Method: IO, EA, AI, CAS and Artillery.

Effects: Neutalize wd Mech Infantry Bn NE of TIKU. Unable to mass fires. Minimize civilian interference.

High Payoff Targets: MRL Bn(-) (122mm & 300mm), G-6 Bn(-) (155mm), ADA Btry, SA19 Plat.

CFMCC Commander's Endstate

- Phase II:
  - Air and maritime superiority established;
  - Selected enemy anti-access capability neutralized
  - Selected enemy units isolated. (By "isolated" I mean they are incapable of impeding our assault.)

- Phase III: Set the conditions to enable decisive operations (Phase IV) success.
  - CTF - I Objectives A (Padang) and C (Rengat) secured; CFMCC Objective 1 (Dumai) secured
  - Selected enemy units defeated
  - Battle handover with follow-on forces completed
  - Air and maritime superiority maintained
  - CFMCC forces postured to support Phase IV and V operations in order to restore the GOI's authority over its internationally recognized territorial authority.